

E-609

M.A. (Third Semester)

Examination, Dec.- Jan. : 2020-21

ENGLISH

Paper Fourth (B)

(English Language Teaching - I)

Time : Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 80

Note:- All questions are compulsory. All question carry equal marks.

Section—A

(Objective/Multiple Choice Questions)

1 each

Note : Attempt all questions.

Choose the correct answer:

1. Language is one of the means of communication-

True/False

2. There are _____ basic language skill.

- a. one b. Two c. Three d. Four

3. Learning a foreign language is as artificial process-

True/False

4. The Grammar translation method is the oldest method of teaching

English in India -

True/False

5. Phonetics is the study of _____

- a. Sounds b. words c. Sentences d. Meaning

6. English has _____ pure vowels

- a. Ten b. Eleven c. Twelve d. Thirteen

7. /P/, /b/ are Bilabial consonants -

True/False

8. Does/st/in strong make a consonant cluster?

Yes/No

9. Audio visual aids are instructional devices which are used to communicate message were effectively through sound and visual -

True/False

10. Language tests are not the formal instruments of assignment -

Yes/False

11. There are _____ cardinal vowels in English

- a. Six b. seven c. Eight d. Nine

12. The pitch pattern of an utterance, the way the voice goes up and down during an utterance is called syllable -

True/False

13. Audio-visual method is based on behaviourist theory -

Yes/No

14. Who founded cognitive theory?

- a. Piaget b. Sannsure c. Neisser d. None of these

15. Audio-visual Aids are also called instruction material - True/False

16. Segments basically consists of -

- a. Vowel and Consonants b. Syllable and consonants

- c. Stress and vowels d. None of these

17. A syllable is not the same thing as sound -

True/False

18. There are _____ Front vowels -

- a. Two b. Three c. Four d. Five

19. A Syllable consists of an obligatory _____ element.

- a. Verb b. Preposition c. Adjective d. Adverb

20. Bilingualism is often the product of _____ language learning after the _____ language has been acquired

- a. Second, First b. First, Second

- c. First, First d. Second, Second

Section—B

(Very short Answer Type Questions)

Note : Attempt all questions.

2 each

1. Define language.

2. What is the basic difference between L₁ and L₂ ?

3. What is Direct Method of teaching?

4. Define vowels.

5. What is a word-accent?

6. Name any two audio-visual aids.

7. Name any two types of language tests.

8. Name the nasal sounds.

Section - C

Note : Attempt all questions.

3 each

1. Give three reasons for the importance of English language teaching in India.
2. What are the motivation for learning the L₂.
3. What is the aim of the Direct Method?
4. What are fricatives (Consonants in English)? Name them.
5. What are Diphthongs? Name them.
6. Mention three user of Audio-visual aids in teaching?
7. Mention two techniques to test the production of sound segments.
8. Define Intonation.

Section - D

Note : Attempt all questions.

5 each

1. "The knowledge of English serves as the key to all scientific and technical information" Discuss.

OR

Write notes on any two of the following -

1. Language learning is a habit forming process.
2. Learning language is acquisition of a skill.
3. Learning a foreign language differs from learning of mother tongue.
2. Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of the Audio-Visual Method or Reading method

OR

Discuss the Direct method of teaching English.

3. Discuss the importance of Phonetics to the teacher of English.

OR

What are the characteristics of good classroom speech?

OR

Write short notes on any two of the following -

- a. Back vowels and central vowels.
- b. Affricates and Lateral
- c. Stress and Tone groups

4. Audio-Visual aids are supplementary to text books. Discuss.

OR

Write short notes on any two of the following -

- a. Use of language tests
- b. Techniques for testing Intonation.
- c. Comment on any two types of language tests.
